



Controller for Remote Car Starter

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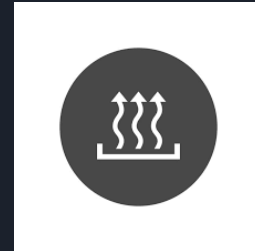
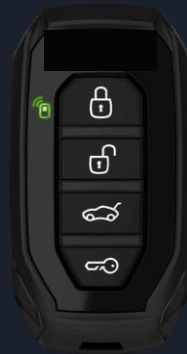
Introduction

- Cars have to put up with a lot in Canada
 - Cars must work in freezing cold temperatures during the winter
 - Canadians drive their cars further than the OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development) average distance per car per year
- Remote Car Starters
 - Many Canadians use remote car starters to combat these conditions
 - Remote Car Starters allow owners to start their cars engine, heaters, and control the car locks from the comfort of a warm building
- Problem Definition: Design and create an automatic remote car starter whose operations are data-driven.



Functions

- Must lock and unlock the car doors
- Must lock and unlock the car trunk
- Must start and turn off the engine of the car
- Must start and turn off the heater of the car
- Must indicate the status of the trunk, doors, engine, and heater of the car



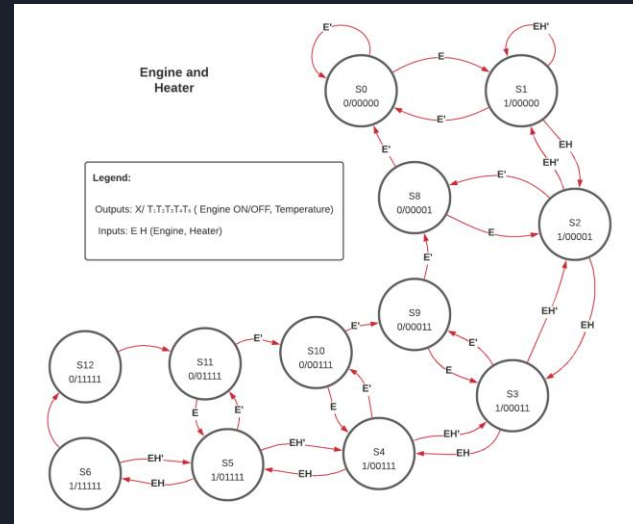
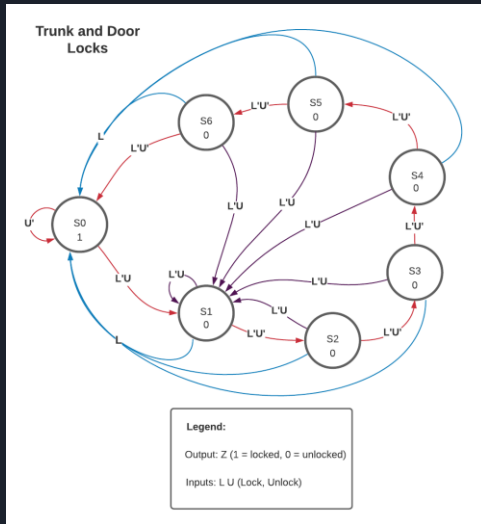


Objectives, Quality Attributes and Constraints

- Efficiency: The remote control must consume minimal fuel by automatically turning off the engine when the car is idle for 2 minutes.
- Reliability: The controller must work 24/7, 365 days without any issues.
- Security: The controller must lock the car automatically if the user did not enter the car within 30 seconds.
- Usability: The remote control must be easy to navigate by the user with minimal effort.
- Scalability: The remote control must be able to be modified and upgraded in the future to add more features.
- Robustness: The remote control must be able to respond accordingly to unexpected input from the user.
- Safety: The remote control engine must turn off automatically if the engine heats up too much.
- Latches: Avoid unnecessary latches by making sure the conditions for each state are fulfilled

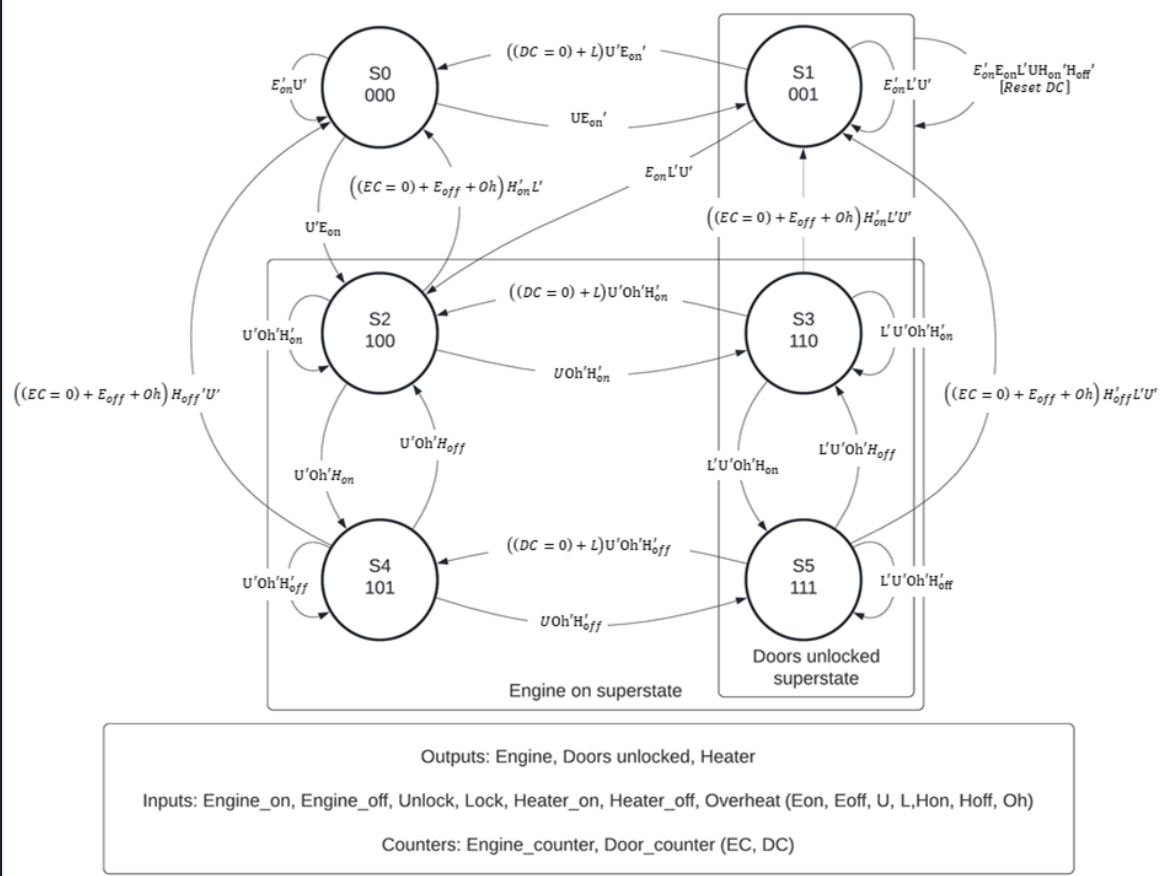
Solution 1

- Two separate state diagrams, one for Trunk and Door Locks and one for Engine and Heater control
- We upgraded to solution 2 because this design requires a lot of states to have a fast input response precision and sufficient timer length.



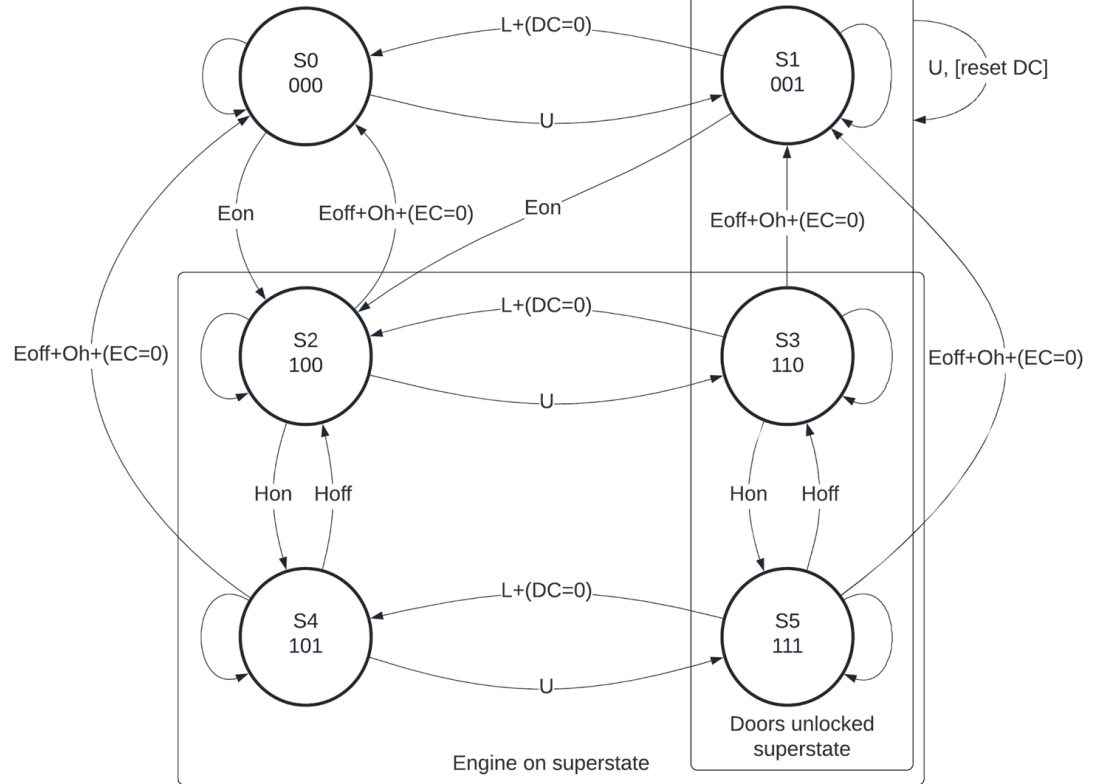
Final Solution

- Moore machine
 - Simplified implementation
 - Sped up testing
- Eliminated issues with previous solutions
 - Allowed the engine to be turned on from state 1
 - Added counter to shut engine off if it has been idling for more than 2 minutes
 - Counters run in superstates and are not reset on state transition
- Improved implementation
 - OR superstates run counters for locking doors and shutting off engine
 - Overlapping superstates improve counter functionality



Simplified State-graph

- For clarity only inputs that need to be high to trigger a state transition are shown
- Substates and the basic state are number for the total number to simplify implementation
- Superstates are shown as boxes around their component substates
- Doors unlocked also unlocked the trunk



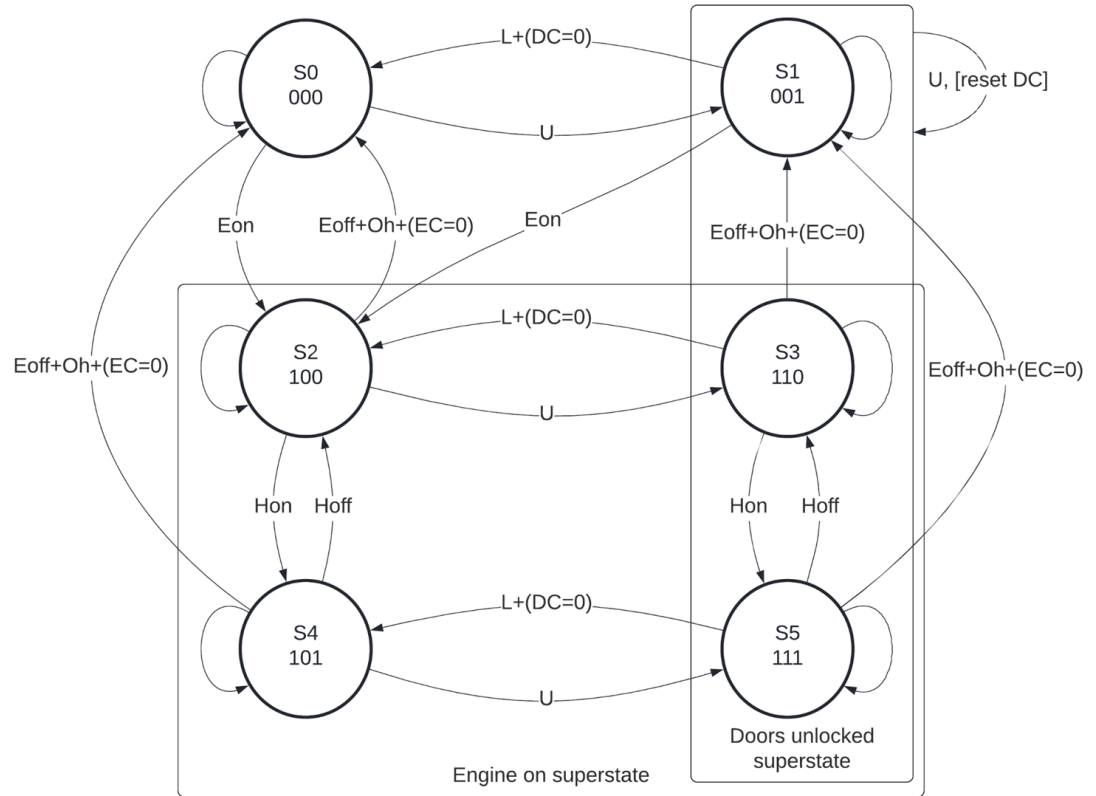
Outputs: Engine, Doors unlocked, Heater

Inputs: Engine_on, Engine_off, Unlock, Lock, Heater_on, Heater_off, Overheat (Eon, Eoff, U, L, Hon, Hoff, Oh)

Counters: Engine_counter, Door_counter (EC, DC)

Use of Superstates

- Two OR superstates were used in the final solution
- Both run a Moore counter when the system is in a substate of them
- On entry the counter is set to a number of clock cycles
- Every clock cycle after entry the counter goes down by 1
- When counter reaches 0 the system exits the superstate
- Counter is unaffected by the substate the machine is in, or transitions between substates
- User can manually exit the superstate independently of the counter



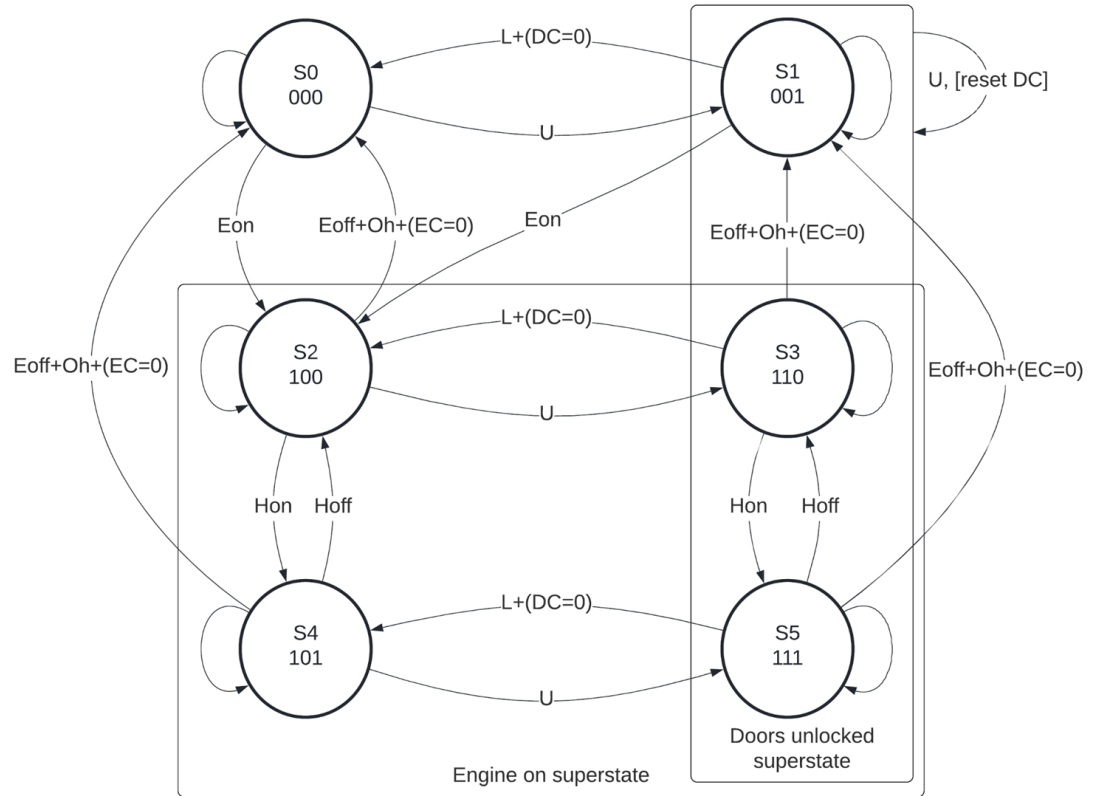
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Use of Superstates

- Engine on superstate
 - When entered a counter is started that will count 120 seconds
 - This counter cannot be reset by the user to prevent idling
 - If the system is in both superstates at once it will stay in the doors unlocked superstate on exit
- Doors unlocked superstate
 - Counter counts for 30 seconds starting on entry
 - Counter can be reset if unlock button is pressed again
 - If the system is in both superstates at once it will stay in the engine on superstate on exit

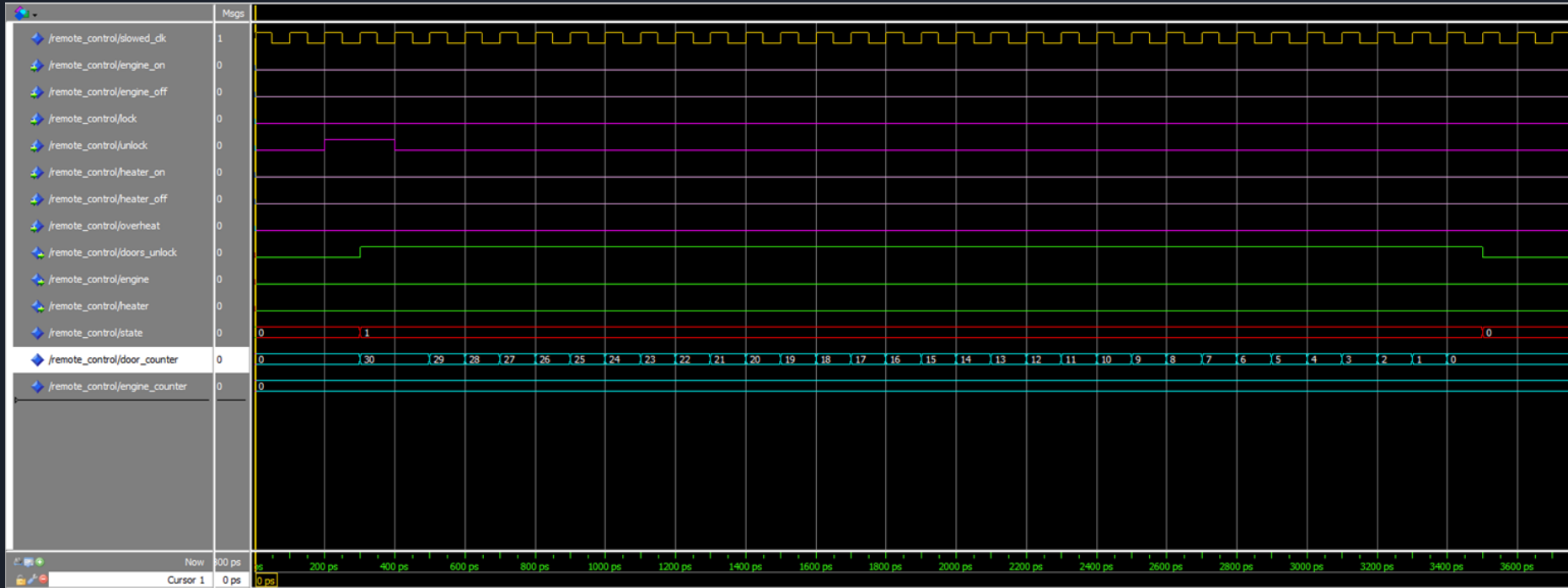


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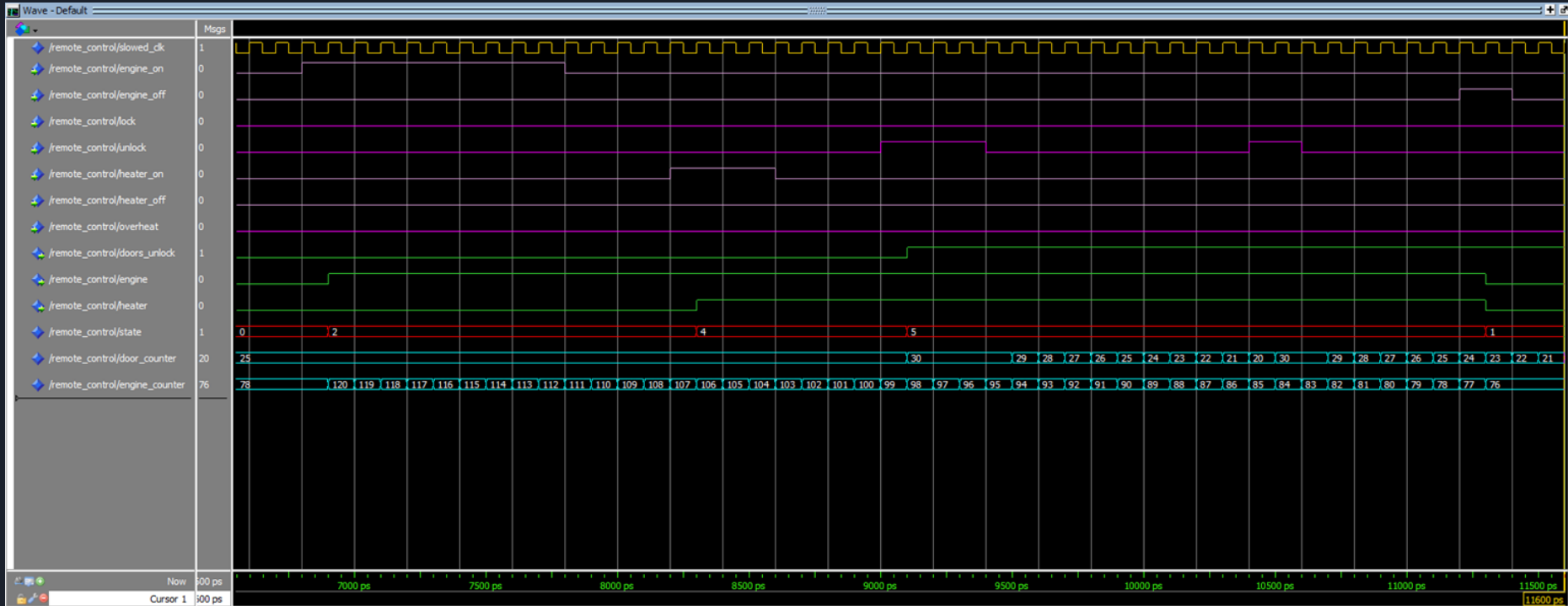
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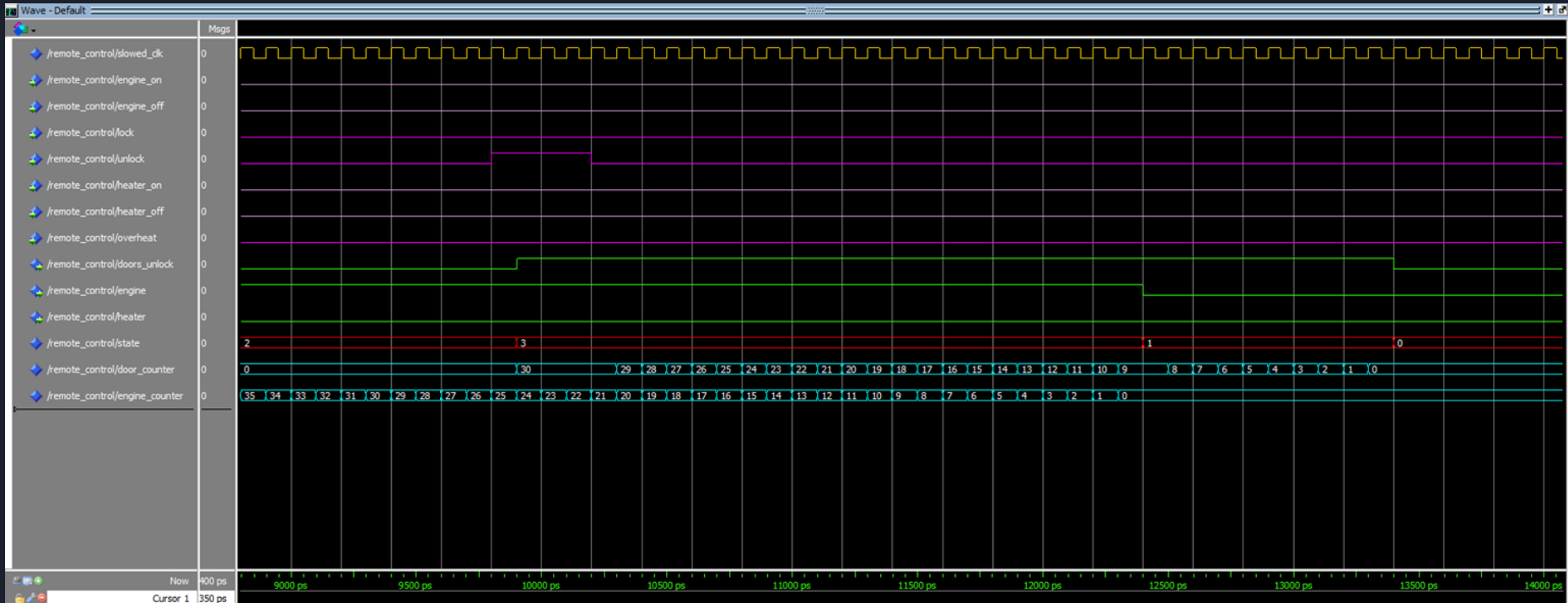
Waveform Example 1



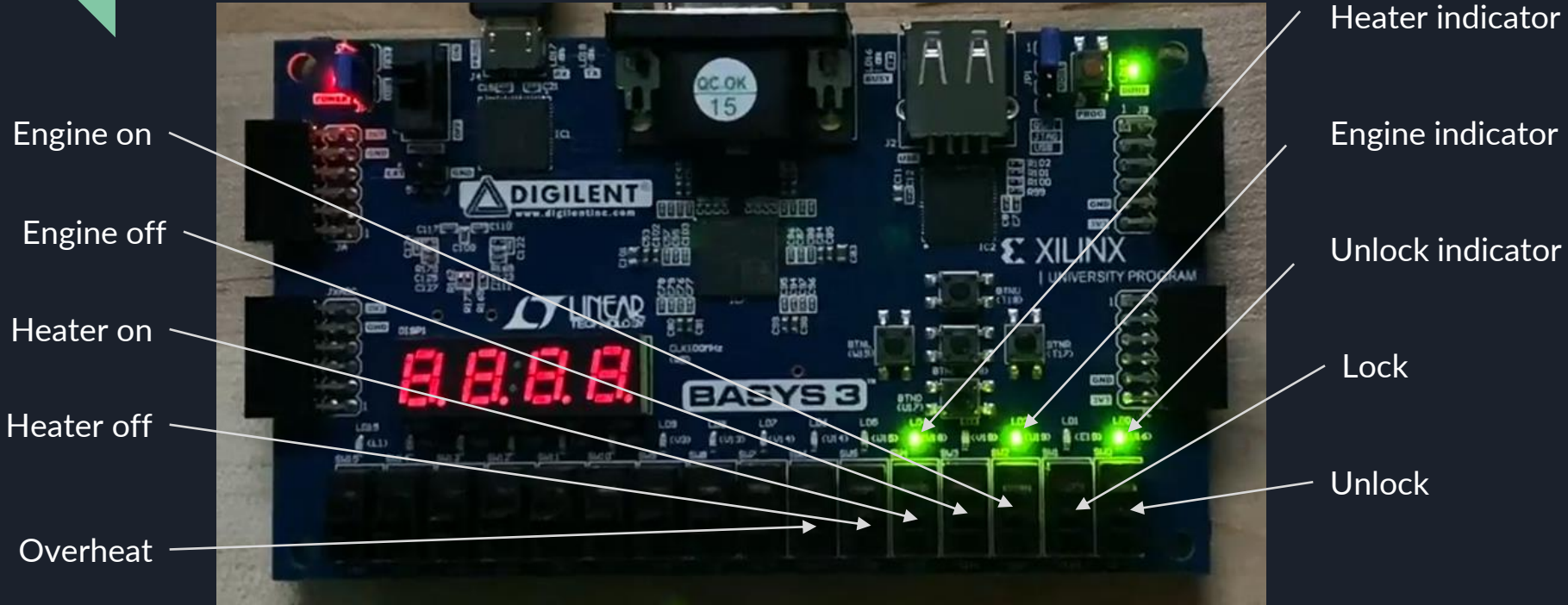
Waveform Example 2



Waveform Example 3



Mapping on FPGA





Features

- Doors and trunk can be locked and unlocked using the remote
- Engine can be turned on and off using the remote
- Heater can be turned on and off using the remote
- On overheat the engine will shut down
- Indicator LEDs show status of doors & trunk, engine and heater on remote
- Engine will shutoff after idling for more than 120 seconds
- Doors and trunk will lock if it has been more than 30 seconds since unlock was pressed
- Starting engine automatically locks the doors and trunk

Environmental, Societal, Safety, and Economic Considerations

- Reduce - Reuse - Recycle
- Cost - Power Usage
- Automatic engine turn off

- User Friendly
- Minimized accidents
- Easy to carry

- Engine turns off - if heats up
- Automatic trunk and door closing
- Components sealed properly, controller operates on low voltage

- Inexpensive but reliable components
- Economically beneficial in the long run



Limitations & Future Work

Limitations

- Components available
- Use of sensors
- Use of buzzers
- Use of buttons

Future Works

- Involving Sensors
- Alarm
- Buttons rather than switch
- Use 7-segment display
- Connect to smartphone

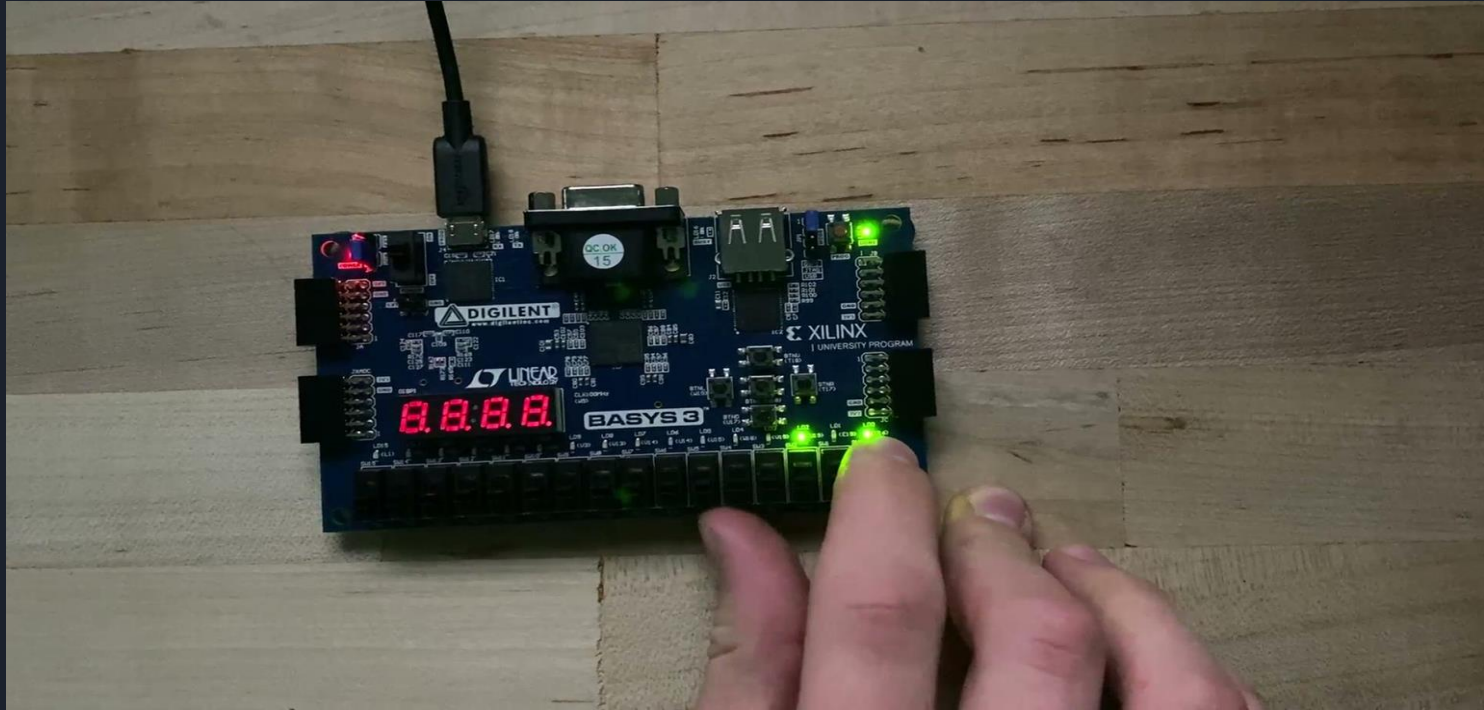




Conclusion

- Utilize different components and implement
- State graph
- Behavioral modeling
- Project goal accomplished
- Environmental, Societal, Safety and Economical aspects
- Engineering attributes into considerations
- Room for improvement

Video demonstration of the prototype



https://media.tru.ca/media/Controller+for+Remote+Car+Starter/0_60hb6x

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Thank You!

Any Questions?

